

Configuring a Reverse Proxy

Overview

In many cases, an organization may provide access to Artifactory through a reverse proxy such as [NGINX](#) or [Apache](#). In some cases, for example with Docker, this set up is even mandatory. To simplify configuring a reverse proxy, from version 4.3.1, Artifactory provides a **Reverse Proxy Configuration Generator** screen in which you can fill in a set of fields to generate the required configuration snippet which you can then download and install directly in the corresponding directory of your reverse proxy server. You can also use the [REST API](#) to manage reverse proxy configuration.



For best security, when using Artifactory behind a reverse proxy, it must be co-located on the same machine as the webserver, and Artifactory should be explicitly and exclusively bound to `localhost`.

We also recommend that you set your [Custom URL Base](#) to match your [Artifactory Server Name](#).

Page Contents

- [Overview](#)
- [Reverse Proxy Settings](#)
- [Docker Reverse Proxy Settings](#)
 - [Using a Reverse Proxy](#)
 - [Using Subdomain](#)
 - [Using Port Bindings](#)
 - [Using Direct Access](#)
- [REST API](#)

Reverse Proxy Settings

To configure a reverse proxy, in the **Admin** module, select **Configuration | HTTP Settings** and execute the following steps in the **Reverse Proxy Settings** panel:

- Fill in the fields according to your configuration.
- Generate the configuration file. You may click the icons in the top right of the screen to view your configuration (which you may copy) or download it as a text file.
- Place the configuration file in the right place under your reverse proxy server installation and reload the configuration.



Using NGINX? Note these requirements.

To use NGINX as a reverse proxy to work with Docker, you need NGINX v1.3.9 or higher.

The NGINX configuration file should be placed under the `sites-enabled` directory.

For more details, please refer to [Configuring NGINX](#).



Using Apache? Note these requirements.

Some features in the Apache configuration are only supported from Apache HTTP Server v2.4.

To use Apache as your reverse proxy server, make sure you have the following modules installed and activated:

- `proxy_http`
- `proxy_ajp`
- `rewrite`
- `deflate`
- `headers`
- `proxy_balancer`
- `proxy_connect`
- `proxy_html`
- `ssl`
- `lbmethod_byrequests`
- `slotmem_shm`
- `proxy`

Support to generate Apache reverse proxy configuration is available from Artifactory version 4.4.1.

For more details, please refer to [Configuring Apache](#).



Best practice

When using a reverse proxy, we recommend passing it the **X-Artifactory-Override-Base-Url** header as follows:

For NGINX:

```
proxy_set_header X-Artifactory-Override-Base-Url $http_x_forwarded_proto://$<host>:<server port>
/<public context>
```

For Apache:

```
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_SCHEME} (.*)
RewriteRule (.*) - [E=my_scheme:%1]
[...]
RequestHeader set X-Artifactory-Override-Base-Url %{my_scheme}e://<server_name>/<app_context>
```

Reverse Proxy Settings

Web Server Type *

NGINX nginx

Internal Hostname * ?

localhost

Internal Port *

8080

Internal Context Path ?

artifactory

i Internal Artifactory URL: **localhost:8080/artifactory**

Public Server Name * ?

my-artifactory.org

Public Context Path ?

artifactory

Use HTTP

HTTP Port *

80

Use HTTPS

HTTPS Port *

443

SSL Key Path * ?

/etc/ssl/private/zmachine.io.key

SSL Certificate Path * ?

/etc/ssl/certs/zmachine.crt

i Users will have access to Artifactory at the following URL(s):

- <http://my-artifactory.org:80/artifactory>
- <https://my-artifactory.org:443/artifactory>

Web Server Type	The reverse proxy type. Currently NGINX and Apache are supported. Selecting Embedded Tomcat actually means that you are accessing Artifactory as a Docker registry using the Repository Path method, so the Tomcat embedded within Artifactory is routing requests from your Docker client to your Artifactory Docker registries.
Artifactory Server Name	The internal server name for Artifactory. If Artifactory is installed on the same machine as the Web Server (as urged above for best security) you can use localhost . Otherwise use the IP address or the machine name .
Artifactory Port	The port configured for Artifactory. The default value is 8081.
Artifactory Context Path	The path which will be used to access Artifactory. If Artifactory is accessible at the root of the server, leave this field empty.

Balance Members (Apache)	Only available in an Artifactory HA installation. Defines the group of servers in the HA cluster for load balancing. (default: artifactory). For more details, please refer to the NGINX documentation or Apache documentation accordingly.
Upstream Name (NGINX)	<p>i Multiple Artifactory instances under the same domain</p> <p>If using multiple Artifactory instances under the same domain, e.g. artdev.mycompany.org and artprod.mycompany.org you must assign a different names for balance members / upstream name to each cluster configuration since the session cookies will be available to both clusters and can cause an issue if trying to access both clusters in the same time.</p>
Public Server Name	The server name which will be publicly used to access Artifactory within the organization.
Public Context Path	The path which will be publicly used to access Artifactory. If Artifactory is accessible on the root of the server leave this field empty.

You can configure access to Artifactory via HTTP, HTTPS or both (at least one is required). For each of these check boxes that you set, you need to fill in the corresponding fields as follows:

Use HTTP

HTTP Port *

80

Use HTTPS

HTTPS Port *

443

SSL Key Path * ?

SSL Certificate Path * ?

i Users will access Artifactory in the following URL:

- <http://reverse-proxy:80/artifactory>
- <https://reverse-proxy:443/artifactory>

Use HTTP	When set, Artifactory will be accessible via HTTP at the corresponding port that is set.
HTTP Port	The port for access via HTTP. The default value is 80.
Use HTTPS	When set, Artifactory will be accessible via HTTPS at the corresponding port that is set.
HTTPS Port	The port for access via HTTPS. The default value is 443.
SSL Key Path	The full path to the key file for access via HTTPS.
SSL Certificate Path	The full path to the certificate file for access via HTTPS.

Docker Reverse Proxy Settings

When using Artifactory as an on-prem private Docker registry, the Docker client can access Artifactory through a reverse proxy or directly through Artifactory's embedded Tomcat.

JFrog Artifactory SaaS Docker Registries

Note that accessing an Artifactory Docker registry on a JFrog Artifactory SaaS installation does not use a reverse proxy since it is external to your organization.

Using a Reverse Proxy

The Docker client can access Artifactory through a reverse proxy using the [Subdomain method](#) (recommended) or through the [Ports method](#).

For each of these methods, your Docker repositories must be configured with the corresponding Reverse Proxy settings in the **Docker Repository Configuration Advanced** tab. The **Reverse Proxy Configuration** screen also sets up your Docker Repository configuration.

Configuring Artifactory as your Docker Registry

This section describes how to obtain your reverse proxy configuration according whether you are using the subdomain method or port bindings. For full details on configuring Artifactory as a Docker registry using a reverse proxy, please refer to [Using a Reverse Proxy in Getting Started with Artifactory as a Docker Registry](#).

Using Subdomain

If you select **Subdomain** as the **Reverse Proxy Method**, when configuring a Docker Repository, the **Registry Name** in the **Docker Repository Configuration Advanced** tab will be set automatically to the required value, and will use the **Repository Key** as the **Subdomain**.

Wildcard certificate

Using the **Subdomain** method requires a **Wildcard** certificate such as `*.myservername.org`. You also need to ensure that the certificate you use supports the number of levels used in your subdomain.

Docker Settings in HTTP Settings	Corresponding HTTP Settings in Doc
<p>Docker Settings</p> <p> Not using HTTPS requires Docker clients to add an <code>--insecure-registry</code> flag to <code>DOCKER_OPTS</code></p> <p>Docker Access Method: <input type="text" value="Sub Domain"/> Server Name Expression: <input type="text" value="*.artifactory.local"/></p> <p>When using the Sub Domain method, each Artifactory Docker repository key will be used as the sub domain. This option requires using a wildcard SSL certificate on your reverse proxy.</p> <p> Example of docker push or pull and login commands: <code>docker pull / push <REPOSITORY_KEY>.artifactory.local/<IMAGE>:<TAG></code> <code>docker login -u <USER_NAME> -p <USER_PASSWORD> <REPOSITORY_KEY>.artifactory.local</code></p>	<p>HTTP Settings</p> <p>Registry Name: <input type="text" value="docker-local.artifactory.local"/></p> <p> To view / download the snippet, go to reverse</p>

Using Port Bindings

If you select **Port** as the **Reverse Proxy Method**, when configuring a Docker Repository, you will need to set the **Registry Port** in the **Docker Repository Configuration Advanced** tab. Together with the [Public Server Name](#), this is the port the Docker client will use to pull images from and push images to the repository. Note that in order for all of your Docker repositories to be included in your reverse proxy configuration, you first you need to set the port for each Docker repository defined in your system, and only then generate the reverse proxy configuration. Note also that each repository must be bound to a unique port

Best Practice

We recommend creating a [Docker Virtual Repository](#) which aggregates all of your other Docker repositories, and use that to pull and [push images](#). This way you only need to set up the NGINX configuration for that virtual repository.

Docker Settings in HTTP Settings	Corresponding HTTP Settings in
----------------------------------	--------------------------------

<p>Docker Settings</p> <p> Not using HTTPS requires Docker clients to add an <code>--insecure-registry</code> flag to <code>DOCKER_OPTS</code></p> <p>Docker Access Method</p> <p>Port</p> <p> When using Port as the Reverse Proxy Method, each Artifactory Docker repository should be bound to a specific port. You can configure the port binding for each Docker repository in the Advanced tab of the Docker repository configuration. Once you configure the ports you can view and download the snippet and set your reverse proxy accordingly.</p> <p>Example of docker push or pull and login commands: <code>docker pull / push artifactory.local:<REPOSITORY_PORT>/<IMAGE>:<TAG></code> <code>docker login -u <USER_NAME> -p <USER_PASSWORD> artifactory.local:<REPOSITORY_PORT></code></p>	<p>HTTP Settings</p> <p>Registry Name</p> <p>artifactory.local</p> <p> To view / download the snippet, go to r</p>
--	--

Using Direct Access

To access your Docker repositories [without using a reverse proxy](#), you should select Repository Path as the Docker Access Method in the Docker Setting Panel of the HTTP Settings screen.

Docker Settings in HTTP Settings	Corresponding HTTP Settings in
<p>Docker Settings</p> <p> Not using HTTPS requires Docker clients to add an <code>--insecure-registry</code> flag to <code>DOCKER_OPTS</code></p> <p>Docker Access Method</p> <p>Repository Path</p> <p> When using the Repository Path method, the repository path (i.e. <code><REPOSITORY_KEY>/<IMAGE></code>) will be used when accessing the Artifactory Docker repository.</p> <p>In comparison to the Port and Sub Domain methods, using this method eliminates the requirement of configuring Artifactory behind a reverse proxy. Using a reverse proxy is optional. We recommend using this method when testing Artifactory as a Docker registry. For production purposes, we recommend using the Sub Domain method.</p> <p>Example of docker push or pull and login commands: <code>docker pull / push artifactory.local:80/<REPOSITORY_KEY>/<IMAGE>:<TAG></code> <code>docker login -u <USER_NAME> -p <USER_PASSWORD> artifactory.local:80</code></p>	<p>HTTP Settings</p> <p>Registry Name</p> <p>artifactory.local</p> <p> To view / download the snippet, go</p>

REST API

Artifactory also supports managing reverse proxy configuration through the REST API using the following endpoints:

Get Reverse Proxy Configuration	Retrieves the reverse proxy configuration JSON.
Update Reverse Proxy Configuration	Updates the reverse proxy configuration.
Get Reverse Proxy Snippet	Gets the reverse proxy configuration snippet in text format.

